

## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 3758 Tulsa, OK 74102-3758

**MSDS No.** 663605002

Revision Date 07/06/1999

IMPORTANT: Read this MSDS before handling or disposing of this product and pass this information on to employees, customers and users of this product.

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Physical State Liquid.

Color Amber. Odor Petroleum.

This product can cause mild eye and skin irritation.

Protect eyes from misting or spraying material.

Protect exposed skin from repeated or prolonged exposure.

This product can burn when preheated but will not ignite readily.

Do not store material in open or unmarked containers.

Spills can cause slipping hazard.

Hazard Rankings					
	HMIS	NFPA			
Health Hazard	0	0			
Fire Hazard	1	1			
Reactivity	0	0			
* = Chronic Health Hazard					

## **Protective Equipment**

Minimum Requirements See Section 8 for Details





## **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

Trade Name Mystik® Bar and Chain Oil Technical Contact (918) 495-5933

 Product Number
 663605002
 Medical Emergency
 (918) 495-4700

CAS Number Mixture CHEMTREC Emergency (800) 424-9300

Product Family Lubricating Oil
Synonyms Lubricating Oil;

Legacy Code No.: 2232X001; Former ILS No.: 63605;

CITGO SAP Product Code No.: 663605002

## **SECTION 2: COMPOSITION**

Component Name(s)	CAS Registry No.	Concentration (%)
1) Highly-Refined Petroleum Lubricant Oils	64741-88-4; 64741-89-5;	70 - 80
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic     Betrylene-Propylene-Ethylidene-Norbornene Hydrocarbon Elastomer	64742-65-0 64742-53-6 25038-36-2	20 - 30 1 - 5
4) Polyisobutylene 5) Zinc C1-C14 alkyldithiophosphate	9003-27-4 68649-42-3	0 - 1 0 - 1
6) Alkenylcarboxylic acid 7) Proprietary Additives	Proprietary Proprietary Mixture	0 - 1 0 - 1

#### SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Also see Emergency Overview and Hazard Ratings on the top of Page 1 of this MSDS.

Major Route(s) of Entry Skin contact.

Signs and Symptoms of Acute Exposure

Inhalation	No significant adverse health effects are expected to occur upon short-term exposure to this product. Aspiration of liquid into the lungs can cause severe lung damage or death.						
Eye Contact	This product can cause mild, transient, eye irritation with short-term contact with liquid or sprays.						
Skin Contact	This material can cause mild skin irritation from prolonged or repeated skin contact. Injection under the skin, in muscle, or into the blood stream can cause irritation, inflammation, swelling, fever, and systemic effects and mild central nervous system depression. Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe, permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor. Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention.				emic se		
Ingestion	If swallowed, large volu vomiting and diarrhea.				, headac	he, drowsiness, n	ausea,
Chronic Health Effects Summary	Contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause mild irritation and inflammation characterized by drying, cracking, (dermatitis) or oil acne. Inhalation of petroleum-based mineral oils can cause respiratory irritation or other pulmonary effects after repeated or prolonged inhalation of oil mists at concentrations above applicable workplace exposure levels.						
Conditions Aggravated by Exposure	Personnel with pre-exis	ting skin disorders sho	ould avo	oid repeated or prolon	ged cont	tact with this prod	uct.
Target Organs	Skin.						
Carcinogenic Potential	This product does not c carcinogenic by OSHA,		s at co	ncentrations above 0.	1% which	ch are considered	
	on is indicated by an "X" in t SHA Hazard Communication				the produ	ıct does not exhibit	the
OSHA Health Haza	Hazard Classification OSHA Physical Hazard Classification						
Irritant To	oxic	Combustible		Explosive		Pyrophoric	
Sensitizer Hig	ghly Toxic	Flammable		Oxidizer		Water-reactive	
Corrosive Ca	rcinogenic	Compressed Gas		Organic Peroxide		Unstable	
SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES  Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue or providing first aid. For more specific information, refer to Exposure Controls and Personal Protection in Section 8 of this MSDS.							
Inhalation	Vaporization is not expected at ambient temperatures. This material is not expected to cause inhalation-related disorders under anticipated conditions of use. In case of overexposure, move the person to fresh air.						
Eye Contact	Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with cool, clean, low-pressure water while occasionally lifting and lowering eyelids. Seek medical attention if excessive tearing, redness, or pain persists.						
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Wipe off excess material. Wash exposed skin with soap and water. Seek medical attention if tissue appears damaged or if irritation persists. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather goods. If material is injected under the skin, into muscle, or into the bloodstream, seek medical attention immediately.						
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to by a physician. Do not give anything to drink unless directed to by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is not fully conscious. If large amounts are swallowed or irritation or discomfort occurs, seek medical attention immediately.						
Notes to Physician	Accordingly, upon	e of the product(s) repringestion there is a low cuate large quantities of bridement.	v to mo	derate risk of aspirati	on. Care	eful gastric lavage	

## **SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

NFPA Flammability Classification

OSHA/NFPA Class-IIIB combustible liquid. Slightly combustible!

Flash Point Method

OPEN CUP: GT 200°C (GT 392°F) (Estimated).

Lower Flammable Limit

Of EN 001: 01 200 0 (01 002 1) (Estimated):

AP 1 %

AP 7 %

**Autoignition Temperature** 

Not available.

Hazardous

**Combustion Products** 

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and trace oxides of sulfur,

Upper Flammable Limit

phosphorus, zinc and nitrogen.

Special Properties

When heated above its flash point temperature, this material will release vapors which, if exposed to an ignition source, can ignite. In enclosed spaces vapors can ignite with explosive force. Mists or sprays

may burn at temperatures below the flash point.

**Extinguishing Media** 

Use dry chemical, foam, Carbon Dioxide or water fog.

Fire Fighting Protective

Clothing

Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies. Withdraw immediately from the area if there is a rising sound from a venting safety device or discoloration of vessels, tanks, or pipelines.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting spill control or clean-up. For more specific information, refer to the Emergency Overview on Page 1, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection in Section 8 and Disposal Considerations in Section 13 of this MSDS.

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Slipping hazard; do not walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. For small spills, absorb or cover with dry earth, sand, or other inert non-combustible absorbent material and place into waste containers for later disposal. Contain large spills to maximize product recovery or disposal. Prevent entry into waterways or sewers. In urban area, cleanup spill as soon as possible. In natural environments, seek cleanup advice from specialists to minimize physical habitat damage. This material will float on water. Absorbent pads and similar materials can be used. Comply with all laws and regulations.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Handling

Avoid water contamination and extreme temperatures to minimize product degradation. Empty containers may contain product residues that can ignite with explosive force. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze solder, drill, grind or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat or other potential ignition sources. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this product.

Storage

Keep container closed. Do not store with strong oxidizing agents. Do not store at temperatures above 120° F or in direct sunlight for extended periods of time. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers or waste residues of this product.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Engineering Controls** 

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits (see below). An eye wash station and safety shower should be located near the work-station.

Personal Protective Equipment Personal protective equipment should be selected based upon the conditions under which this material is used. A hazard assessment of the work area for PPE requirements should be conducted by a qualified professional pursuant to OSHA regulations. The following pictograms represent the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. For certain operations, additional PPE may be required.





Eye Protection Safety glasses equipped with side shields should be adequate protection under most conditions of use.

Wear goggles and/or face shield if splashing or spraying is likely, especially if material is heated above

125°F (or 51°C). Have suitable eye wash water available.

Hand Protection Use gloves constructed of chemical resistant materials such as neoprene or heavy nitrile rubber if

frequent or prolonged contact is expected. Use heat-protective gloves when handling product at

elevated temperatures.

**Body Protection** Use clean and impervious protective clothing (e.g., neoprene or Tyvek®) if splashing or spraying

conditions are present. Protective clothing may include long-sleeve outer garment, apron, or lab coat. If significant contact occurs, remove oil-contaminated clothing as soon as possible and promptly shower. Launder contaminated before reuse or discard. Wear heat protective boots and protective

clothing when handling material at elevated temperatures.

**Respiratory Protection** Vaporization or misting is not expected at ambient temperatures. Therefore, the need for respiratory

protection is not anticipated under normal use conditions and with adequate ventilation. If elevated

airborne concentrations above applicable workplace exposure levels are anticipated, a NIOSH-approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection factors vary depending upon the type of respirator used. Respirators should be used in

accordance with OSHA requirements (29 CFR 1910.134).

General Comments Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands and other exposed skin areas with plenty of mild

soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, use of toilet facilities, or leaving work. DO NOT use

gasoline, kerosene, solvents, or harsh abrasive skin cleaners. Since specific exposure

standards/control limits have not been established for this product, the "Oil Mist, Mineral" exposure

limits shown below are suggested as minimum control guidelines.

#### **Occupational Exposure Guidelines**

Substance Applicable Workplace Exposure Levels

1) Highly-Refined Petroleum Lubricant Oils TWA: 5 STEL: 10 (mg/M³) from ACGIH (TLV)

TWA: 5 (mg/M³) from OSHA (PEL) TWA: 5 STEL: 10 (mg/M³) from NIOSH

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Liquid. Color Amber. Odor Petroleum.

Specific Gravity LT 1 (Water = 1) pH Not applicable. Vapor Density GT 1 (Air = 1)

Boiling Point/RangeNot available.Melting/Freezing PointNot available.Vapor PressureLT 1 mm of Hg (@ 20°C)Viscosity (cSt @ 40°C)Not available.

Solubility in Water Not available. Volatile Characteristics Negligible volatility

Additional Properties No additional information.

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Chemical Stability Stable. Hazardous Polymerization Not expected to occur.

**Conditions to Avoid** Keep away from extreme heat, sparks, open flame, and strongly oxidizing conditions.

Materials Incompatibility Oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous** No additional hazardous decomposition products were identified other than the combustion products

**Decomposition Products** identified in Section 5 of this MSDS.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

For other health-related information, refer to the Emergency Overview on Page 1 and the Hazards Identification in Section 3 of this MSDS.

Toxicity Data Highly-Refined Petroleum Lubricant Oils:

 ORAL (LD50):
 Acute: >5000 mg/kg [Rat].

 DERMAL (LD50):
 Acute: >2000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic:

ORAL (LD50): Acute: >5000 mg/kg [Rat].
DERMAL (LD50): Acute: >2000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

INHALATION (LC50): Acute: 9.6 mg/L 8 hours [Rat]. 10.5 mg/L 8 hours [Rat, Male].

Highly-Refined Petroleum Lubricant Oils: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. In long term studies (up to two years) no carcinogenic effects have been reported in any animal species tested.

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.

A life-time dermal application of severely hydrotreated light naphthenic distillates producted skin masses on mice which correlated with the skin irritation responsive levels of the test animals. Additional studies attribute these masses to a weak promotional activity. These studies indicate that light naphthenic oils are NOT mutagenic, tumor initiators or complete chemical carcinogens. This material has not been determined to be carcinogenic by IARC or OSHA.

#### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Analysis for ecological effects has not been conducted on this product. However, if spilled, this product and any contaminated soil or water may be harmful to human, animal, and aquatic life. Also, the coating action associated with petroleum and petroleum products can be harmful or fatal to aquatic life and waterfowl.

**Environmental Fate** 

**Ecotoxicity** 

Ecological effects testing has not been conducted on this product. However, plants and animals may experience harmful or fatal effects when coated with petroleum-based products. Petroleum-based (mineral) lube oils will normally float on water. In stagnant or slow-flowing waterways, an oil layer can cover a large surface area. As a result, this oil layer might limit or eliminate natural atmospheric oxygen transport into the water. With time, if not removed, oxygen depletion in the waterway might be enough to cause a fish kill or create an anaerobic environment.

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Hazard characteristic and regulatory waste stream classification can change with product use. Accordingly, it is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition.

Conditions of use may cause this material to become a hazardous waste, as defined by Federal or State regulations. It is the responsibility of the user to determine if the material is a hazardous waste at the time of disposal. Transportation, treatment, storage and disposal of waste material must be conducted in accordance with RCRA regulations (see 40 CFR 260 through 40 CFR 271). State and/or local regulations may be more restrictive. Contact the RCRA/Superfund Hotline at (800) 424-9346 or your regional US EPA office for guidance concerning case specific disposal issues.

#### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not a U.S. Department of Transportation regulated material. **DOT Status** 

**Proper Shipping Name** Petroleum Oil, N.O.I.B.N.

**Hazard Class** Not a DOT controlled material (United States). Packing Group(s) Not applicable.

> UN/NA ID Not applicable.

Reportable Quantity A Reportable Quantity (RQ) has not been established for any components of this material.

**Placards** 

**Emergency Response Guide** 

Not applicable.

HAZMAT STCC No. Not applicable.

Not a DOT "Marine Pollutant" MARPOL III Status

per 49 CFR 171.8.

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**TSCA** Inventory This product and/or its components are listed on the Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject SARA 302/304

to Subparts 302 and 304 to submit emergency planning and notification information based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs) and Reportable Quantities (RQs) for "Extremely Hazardous Substances"

listed in 40 CFR 302.4 and 40 CFR 355. No components were identified.

SARA 311/312 The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1989 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject

to this subpart to submit aggregate information on chemicals by "Hazard Category" as defined in 40

CFR 370.2. This material would be classified under the following hazard categories:

No SARA 311/312 hazard categories identified.

**SARA 313** This product contains the following components in concentrations above de minimis levels that are

listed as toxic chemicals in 40 CFR Part 372 pursuant to the requirements of Section 313 of SARA: No

components were identified.

**CERCLA** The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA)

requires notification of the National Response Center concerning release of quantities of "hazardous substances" equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQ's) listed in 40 CFR 302.4. As defined by CERCLA, the term "hazardous substance" does not include petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof which is not otherwise specifically designated in 40 CFR 302.4. This product or refinery

stream is not known to contain chemical substances subject to this statute. However, it is

recommended that you contact state and local authorities to determine if there are any other reporting

requirements in the event of a spill.

**CWA** This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil

Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the

EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

This material may contain the following components which are known to the State of California to cause

cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and may be subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5): None Identified.

**New Jersey** 

**Proposition 65** 

California

Right-to-Know Label

Petroleum Oil

Additional Regulatory

Remarks

No additional regulatory remarks.

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## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Refer to the top of Page 1 for the HMIS and NFPA Hazard Ratings for this product.

**REVISION INFORMATION** 

**Version Number** 1.0

**Revision Date** 07/06/1999

**Print Date** Printed on 05/03/2000.

**ABBREVIATIONS** 

AP = Approximately

EQ = Equal GT = Greater Than LT = Less Than ND = No Data NE = Not NA = Not Applicable

Established

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA = American Industrial Hygiene Association

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer NTP = National Toxicology Program

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration NPCA = National Paint and Coating Manufacturers Association HMIS = Hazardous Materials Information System

NFPA = National Fire Protection Association EPA = Environmental Protection Agency

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